

July 10, 1968

Volume I No. 14

Bulk Rate U.S. Postage PAID Los Angeles, CA. Permit No. 26956

Los Angeles

LOS ANGELES CALIFORNIAS PROJECT 2445 GATES STREET 225-5981 293 ANGELES CALIFORNIA 90031

104

Pgs. 6A-D SPECIAL: CHICANO PRISONERS POOR PEOPLE'S COALITION pg. 7 LIBERATION COMMENCEMENT pg. 2 Pg. 9 LUCHA pg. 8 CORKY SPEAKS Pg. 6 POOR PEOPLE'S DEMANDS

"We are all Children of the same God" was the theme of the invocation thundering over the loudspeakers at Spartan Stadium in San Jose on June 14th. Hundreds of graduates sat in the sun, while thousands stood in solemn silence. Here and there, you could see a few uniformed cops and also detect, many more, in civilian dress. The gates were closed, outside riot troops-several squads--and about a dozen paddy warons waited. a dozen paddy wagons waited. Commencement had turned into an armed

camp because there was FEAR in the heart of the Establishment. Mexicans had said that if the school didn't postpone the ceremonies until their grievances had been settled, they until their grievances had been settled, they were going to walk out, and the Establish-ment interpreted that as a threat of violence. .. As President Clark began to speak, about 15 professors and 15 graduates began to walk out; from several sections of the stands came shouts of VIVA LA RAZA, and people began to walk out too until over three hundred peo-ple had made their exit. About the same time, some 20 members of a Chicano Youth Or-ganization called "The New Breed" was ar-riving at the Stadium, but weren't allowed to enter. A "gentleman" in white shirt and neck-tie was telling the uniformed cops: "Let them out but not int. . . ." When asked by a re-porter from LA RAZA who had made the decision, the Chief of Police said: "I made the decision, ..., you Mexicans wanted to walk out. . .OK. . .now you stay OUT. ..." he said, raising his voice. The 300 walking out marched singing across the street where they celebrated a Chicano the Teatro Campesino performed as well as the Teatro Urbano of MASC. Speakers were of the City Human Relations Commission. Ar-mado Valdez, from Oakland, making the intro-ductions said. "These are men and women who have seen the light. They know that Educa-tion out there at Spartan is incomplete. ... they have come Home." On and on they danced, until dark, Mexican stat one "Camaron que se durme se lo lieva la corriente," and a slow one "Si no estas conmigo, nada importa." were going to walk out, and the Establish-ment interpreted that as a threat of violence...

IN THIS COUNTRY

FOR CHICANOS ON THE MOV€! BEING AMARE MEANS BEING AMARE BE AWARE BEWARE **GRINGO!** jajúa

Raul photos:



San Jose State College, the oldest institu-tion of higher education in California, has been tion of higher education in California, has been singled among all colleges in the Southwest to focus on the failure of higher education to the CHICANO. Several thousand CHICANOS--Mexican-Americans--from throughout Califor-nia and the Southwest will converge upon San Jose to takeover the planned commencement ceremonies. Colleges throughout the South-west and the nation are guilty of producing incompetent teachers, social workers, police-men, counselors, sociologists, political sci-entists, historians, journalists and other such products who are contributing to the destruc-tion of the CHICANO in this nation. It is through these malfunctioning products of col-leges that the problems of the CHICANO mi-nority are perpetuated.

Colleges have failed in their responsibility

Colleges have failed in their responsibility to adequately prepare their so-called experts who have tremendous power and control over the lives of the CHICANO. This criminal fail-ure of colleges perpetuates the erosion of our barrios, of our culture, of our dignity and spirit. It is through the products of col-leges that our RAZA is held in bondage. The perpetuation of this most subtle and vicious form of bondage by colleges is sym-bolized every summer in the commencement ceremonies held throughout the nation. At this time colleges release swarms of "mission-aries" and maniacs to plunder our barrios. It is in this way that colleges sanction the perpetuation of our bondage. It is in this way that colleges are failing. It is in this way that colleges are failing. It is in this way that our every effort for decent housing, relevant education, proper health and medirelevant education, proper health and medi-cal care, decent and meaningful jobs are stifled; all our efforts in these areas are futile as long as the colleges continue to pour out thousands of "experts" who are programmed to perpetuate rather than alleviate our problems. There can be no change in the con-dition of the CHICANO until there is a change in the orientation of this nation; this change cannot come about until our system of higher

The symbol of achievement and success of college products--the commencement ceremo-nies--is a symbol of our bondage. The commencement ceremonies this summer will magnigy the scope of our problems by sanctioning the thousands who plunder our barrios. The commencement ceremonies at San Jose State College on the evening of June 14 will be a transformation from a symbol of bondage to a symbol of CHICANO liberation. It will be the beginging-the commencement-of CHI the beginning--the commencement--of -CHI-CANO liberation from the bondage imposed upon us in this nation. After this day the "American" college campus will no longer be a sanctuary to our bondage!!

nority are perpetuated.







Up to California from Mexico you come, to the Sacramento Valley to toil in the sun. Your wife and seven children, they're workin', every one; and what will you be givin' to your brown eyed children of the sun.

Your face is lined and wrinkled and your age is 41. Your back is bent from picking, like your dying time has come. Your childrens' eyes are smiling, their life is just begun; and what will you be givin' to your brown eyed children of the sun.

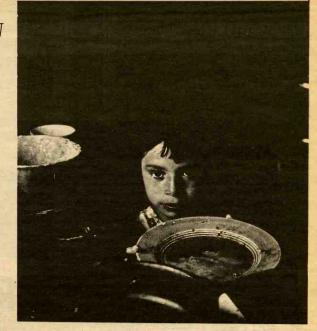
You are bending and you're picking with your back and your arms in pain; Your wife and seven children they never do complain. "Oh Jesus, can't you help us, can't you shade us from this sun?" and what will you be givin' to your brown eyed children of the sun?

Your hands can feel the soil as you're working in the field; You can feel the richness in it, you can see the crops it yields. Your tired and you're hungry and your day is almost done, and what will you be givin' to your brown eyed children of the sun?

You have marched on Easter Sunday, to the capitol you came; and you've fought for union wages and your fight has just begun. You are proud men and you're free men and this heritage is one that you can be givin' to your brown eyed children of the sun.

Pedro Contreras







LET JUSTICE BE DONE

On a bed in a shack a brown child lies He tosses in anguish and restlessly sighs His mother sits by him and helplessly cries His father is broken, he knows his son dies

He must be in Calcutta, Ceylon or Bombay No, he's in San Antonio, Texas, U.S.A.

In the land of the free and the home of the brave He is dying of hunger, he cannot be saved Come brothers and sisters and weep by his grave

This child is our child, we are all one La Raza Unida--Let Justice be done.

Joanne Gonzales





PLENTY of ROOM

at the PLAZA- TOP

Mr. Editor:

The impression and experience most of us The impression and experience most of us have had in the poverty program has been one of working our way up the ladder, this has always seem fair. Within the project of the Community and Career Development lives a person who some how manage to start at the top, Mr. Roy Revelles. Until the Community and Career Development Devicer came into his life he enjoyed some

Project came into his life he enjoyed some degree of success working with adolescences he worked the last few months before the "Teen Post' died. The point is very simple how can a man who has always specialized with younga man who has always specialized with young-sters come into an entirelly new program whose sole concern is adults and start at the top; adults and adolescents are two dif-ferent kinds of people who require different kinds of approaches and workers. Mr. Revelles' first job was rather simple he was given a good office in Pico Rivera and expected to form an advisory panel and to render services to that community. The peo-ple refused to come together for the advisory panel. the Adult Community boycotted him and

ple refused to come together for the advisory panel, the Adult Community boycotted him and his kind of services. Only when some one came in from the outside and helped him out did the advisory panel come together. So here we have a cold fact a man with the best cen-ter--full staff, enough supplies but he could not perform a simple task; with less the other centers in project did their jobs. The other

ter--full staff, enough supplies out ne courd not perform a simple task; with less the other centers in project did their jobs. The other centers knew adults he did not. Because of his inability to handle the job in Pico-Rivera the project was faced with a problem, how best to get him out of Pico-Rivera. The answer was to bring him into East Los Angeles and give him a non-job with better pay than the other coordinators who had and are still doing their jobs. The the was named Interim Vocational Screener, lacks is a set of strings and a piece of rubber. He was named Interim Vocational Screener, lacks is a set of strings and a piece of rubber. He was named Interim Vocational Screener, lacks is a set of strings and a piece of rubber. He was named Interim Vocational Screener, lacks is a set of strings and a piece of rubber. He was named Interim Vocational Screener, lacks is a set of strings and a piece of rubber. Lozano was being paid \$856 per month for "I understand that David Lozano is to fill to compete with his fellow Chicanos for the Torres and replace him with such a contro-job, but he did not have Union approval, which versial person, reflects in my opinion, a poor is a technical requirement. Why the inability to get along with his co-worker had forced Mr. Revelles 'to tak ito cover a Young Mens Association because his co-worker in charge was unable to handle the situation''. This was said in public and was true only in the was nable to handle the situation'. This was said in public and was

over a Young Mens Association because his co-worker in charge was unable to handle the situation". This was said in public and was true only in the imagination of Mr. Roy Re-velles. For the truth was that the very co-worker that was being degraded in public spent over a year forming and working with the Young Men Association; one reason. Another and more harmful attack against the same co-worker came when Mr. Revelles attempted to block the young man's movement up the ladder. Mr. Revelles used the same grounds the man's supposed inability-- and the job being offered was a new opening in the Pico-Rivera offered was a new opening in the Pico-Rivera center the very center where Mr. Revelles had so clearly failed himself and the community.

A Community Worker

P.S. As a footnote because Mr. Revelles did not follow-up on a group of hard core young men he left them hanging, for it is true that for the summer crash the slots in the school district where there, the young men were there, all was ready except Mr. Revelles and so the slots were filled by other people because he did not follow through. It is hard enough to reach the hard core youth, but it is stu-pid to start a man at the top without giving him some time to prove himself at the hothim some time to prove himself at the bot-tom; and stupider to hid him more and pay him more. Money-wise Mr. Revelles is doing fine.



LA RAZA looks at YTEP

On Wednesday, June 25th the normally peace-ful sidewalks of Breed St. exploded again with angry picketing by YTEP employees. At high noon, they walked out en masse shouting "YA BASTA," and "AL FIN CON LA POLITICA!"

BASTA, and AL FIN CON LA POLITICA: Obviously the administration did not learn anything from the previous walk-out because it was the same issue that triggered the last walk-out a year and a half ago. The adminis-tration no doubt thought they could continue with their "mordidas politicas" assuming the people would easily forget the issues involved. The people did not forget.

The grievance is centered around David Lo-zano who has been working unlawfully in the YTEP organization, and who has been there, virtually, as a political appointment by the pro-ject director. No one seems to know why Lo-zano has remained in the program against all written policy. Perhaps it has something to do with the fact that the chairman of the YTEP Board is paying off a political favor? The di-rector has even bullied his administrators in order to make them accept Lozano. Lozano has been placed in one job after another. The grievance is centered around David Lo-

before any similar action is taken." It appears he was just trying to pacify some angry Chicanos.

One must assume that the Project Director thinks his YTEP employees have no brains, or at least not enough intelligence to see through his obvious schemes. Last month, the Union began applying pressure on the Director. The began applying pressure on the Director. The Director squirmed, but instead of trying to ne-gotiate a reasaonable plan (as any half intel-ligent administration might normally try to do), he turns around and reappoints Lozano to still another position for which he is not qualified. In addition, Manuel Torres (a sincere, hard-working Chicano with a family of two children) was removed to make way for the bachelor Lo-zano. zano

"'YA BASTA," wrote Herman Pena, when he heard of this. "Power tends to corrupt. Ab-solute power corrupts absolutely.

"An honest, sincere and dedicated man who has devoted his life to the welfare of youngsters has been pushed through the buzz saw, because

Photos: Garcia



July 10, 1968

VALLEY HYDRA

Threatened with discovery and ex-Threatened with discovery and ex-posure of its greedy habits, one of the many man-eating monsters which inhabit the Western world became frightened a few weeks ago and, moved by fear, finally swal-lowed a man's reputation and hope. Hydra could not, however, resist its instinct to toy with the victim for several weeks before destroy-ing him.

This particular Monster operates in the Willamette Valley where it is called "Valley Migrant League". Its latest victim is Mr. Guadalupe Bustos.

Following is a description of the most dangerous of its many heads: 1. Spanish-speaking bureaucrat: In-valuable to Monster since it acts

as interpretor for uninformed farm workers and the many heads of Monster. Vampirish, it slyly sucks blood from both groups and, for roughage, slurps offal of Anglo bureaucrats.

2. Religionist: This type disguises itself as Christian and lives by con-vincing onlookers of its benevolent interest in the farm workers to his believolent interest in the farm worker. It op-erates effectively, however, to keep workers "in their place" so they can not disturb the status quo. Like all other heads of Hydra, its food supply depends on perpetuation of slave labor. 3. Grower: Sorry, No words de-

scribe the avarice and cruelty of this particular tentacle.

4. Labor Contractor: (kissing up to Grower): Also known as "Crew Leader" or "coyote". Inhabits all parts of the System and travels to southern United States from where it entices victims to northern fields for the purpose of sucking their blood. Is invaluable in helping Growers who are distonest conceal ex-ploitation of slave labor. Is re-sourceful and enriches itself quickly. In fact, it has been known to become fat enough in one summer to retire for life.

5. Packer-Canner: Cagiest protu-berance of entire Hydra, Hides in background behind growers and selfdevouring bureaucrats from where it reaches out to lick cream from growers' profits. Frequently owns labor-recruiting site in southern states. Sells fresh seeds and plants to Grower on credit to Grower on credit.

6. New-Agency Bureaucrat: Also known as "Sir Parkinsons-law", this gluttonous out-growth is malignant and continually devours, or is devoured by, fellow protuber-ances in unending struggle for con-tents of political pork barrel. There is, however, no escape from it be-cause for each growth devoured, two or more pop up to replace it. Both Growers and Contractors employ its services.

its services. 7. Old-Agency Bureaucrat: This protuberance is only a manifesta-tion of Monster's entire subcatan-eous system. A transparent fatty globule, these blobs occupy stra-tegic positions and monotonously repeat: "Sorry, we can do nothing; our hands are tied. This is a Grow-er's state, you know." 8. Man clutched by Monster: This particular man is about to be de-

particular man is about to be de-stroyed because he dared question the combined "wisdom" of Mon-ster's many heads.

 Migrants carefully kept in sla-very by Monster: These men, wo-men and children are citizens of the United States but remain voiceless because, through long years of observation, they have learned how easily Monster can destroy them.

Portland, Oregon

SPACE C Cespierte

HIDRA VALLE DEL

Amenazado con el descubrimiento y revelacion de sus costumbres en el Willamette Valley, donde se avaras, uno de los mucho monstru- le llama, "Valley Migrant League". os antropofagos que habitan el mun- Su ultima victima es el Sr. Guadaos antropofagos que habitan el mun- Su ultima vi do occidental se espanto hace unas lupe Bustos. do occidental se espanto hace unas lupe Bustos. cuantas semanas y, animado por He aqui una descripcion de las el miedo, por fin se tago la buena mas peligrosas de sus muchas ca-fama y la esperanza de un hombre bezas: en la noche del jueves pasado, l. Burocrata de habla espanol: 30 de marzo, 1967. La Hydra no pudo, sin embargo, desempena el papel de interprete resistir su instinto de jugar con para los ignorantes trabajadores y a victima por unas quantas cuantas cabaras del monstruo

la victima por unas cuantas semanas antes de destruirlo.

Muy estimados senores

Este monstruo particular funciona

las muchas cabezas del monstruo. Es vampiro y a hurtadillas les

Nos dio mucho gusto recibir La Raza por primera vez. Y estamos muy de acuerdo con casi todos los sentimientos que se expresaron en sus paginas.

Pero hay un solo PERO: Muchos de nosotros no sabemos el ingles y no siempre nos sera facil encontrar a quien nos lo traduzca. Y por eso quisieramos saber si no se public en espanol tambien?

Y otra coas mas, si son tan amables, mandenos decir por favor el precio por ano de diez copias de cada publicacion.

Acepten de antemano las gracias de

S. S. S.

Francisco Ojeda

PD Aqui les adjuntamos un dibujo que les explicara como tratan a nosotros aqui en este estado. Lo mismo de siempre. Se trata de un solo caso el dibujo pero asi es

chupa la sangre a los dos grupos y, para estimular movimiento per-sistaltico, engulle el escremento de los burocratas Anglo-sajones. 2. Religionista: Este tipo se dis-fraza de cristiano y vive por medio de convencer a los espectadores de su interes benevolo en los trabasu interes benevoio Funciona efecti-vamente, sin embargo, para man-tener a los campesinos "en su lugar" para que no puedan per-turbar el statu quo. Igual que todas las otras cabezas de Hydra, su abastecimiento depende de perpe-tuar la esclavitud del campesino. 'Grower''): Lo sentimos mucho, pero no existen palabras para describir la codicia y crueldad de este tentaculo.

4. Contratista besando al agricutor: Se conoce tambien por "corregen-tes" o "coyote". Habita en todas partos de El Sistema y viaja al surde los Estados Unidos en donde induce a los campesinos a seguirle a lo cosecha nortena donde les chupa la sangre. Es inestimable en ayudarles a los agricultores dehonestos en ocultar la explotacion de los esclavos campesinos. Es ingenioso y se enriquece pronto. De hecho es posible que se engorde en un solo verano al grado de poder ju-bilarse por el resto de la vida. 5. Empaquetador-Envasador: La protuberancia mas astuta del mon-struo. Se esconde en el fondo, detras struo. Se esconde en el fondo, detras de los agricultores y burocratas canibales, de donde tiende la garra por la nata y crema de las ganan-cias agricolas. Con frecuencia es dueno de los sitios de reclutar trabajadores en el sur de los Es-tados Unidos. Vende semillas y plantas al agricultor al fiado.

6. Burocrata de Agencias Nuevas (Se conoce tambien por "El senor Ley de Parkinson"): Esta excre-cencia golosa es maligna y siempre traga (o le tragan a el) a sus pro-tuberancias compareras o una lui tuberancias companeras en una lu-tuberancias companeras en una lu-cha sin fin por el contenido mal habido del barril de la mordida política. Pero no hay ningun modo de escaparnos de este burocrata, puer por cada uno tranado macrocom dos mas. Los agricultores, también como los fin por el contenido

dos mas. Los agricultores, tambien como los contratistas, se aprove-chan de los servicios de esta excrecencia.

Burocrata de Viejas Agencias: Esta protuberancia es solamente una manifestacion del sistema subcutaneo del monstruo. Gordos globulos transparentes, estas pustulas ocupan sitios estrategicos, y re-piten ad nauseam,--Lo siento mu-cho pero nosotros no podemos hacer nada; nos tienen maniatados. Oregon es estado de los agricultores, sabes--

Hombre en garras del monstruo: 8. Este hombre sera destruido pues se atrevio a dudar de la "sabiduria" comdinada de las muchas cabezas

comdinada de las muchas cabezas del monstruo. 9. Campesinos migratorios man-tenidos en la esclavitud por la Hudra: Estos hombres, mujeres y ninos son ciudadanos de los Es-tados Unidos, pero se quedan mu-dos, pues por los muchos anos de estar observando, ya aprendieron que tan pronto los puede destruir el monstruo. el monstruo.

CHICANOS

in WASHINGTON

Long before this country was "settled" by gringos at Plymouth Rock. . .our ancestors, the indio-hispano was living in the southwest, working the land and raising families. When the war between the U.S. and Mexico was ended by the signing of the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, our land and cultural rights were guaranteed on paper, but never in reality. We are basically a communal people. . in the pattern of our Indian ancestors. Part of our cultural rights and cultural strengths are our communal values. We lived together for over a century and never fenced our lands. When the gringo came the first thing he did was to fence the land. We opened our houses and hearts to him, trained him to irrigated farm-ing, stock raising and silver mining. He lis-tened carefully and moved quickly and when we urned around he had driven us out and kept us out with violence, trickery, legal and court

turned caround he had driven us out and kept us out with violence, trickery, legal and court entanglements. The land for all the people, the land of the brave became the land for the few and the land of the bully. Robbed of the land, our people were driven to the migrant labor fields and the cities. Po-verty and city living under the Anglo's colonial system has castrated our people's culture, con-sciousness of heritage, and language. Because our cultural rights are guaranteed by treaty and because the U.S. says in its constitution that all treaties are the law of the land. . .we demand the kind of living areas, working places, educational and recreational facilities be planned by US to reflect our cul-tural needs and cultural strengths.

THEREFOR



EUCATION We demand that our schools be built in the same communal fashion as our neighborhoods... that they be warm and inviting facilities and not jails. That the teachers and other personnel tive in the neighborhoods of the schools they work in. We demand a completely free edu-taction from kindergarten to college with no fees, no lunch charges, no supplies charges, no tuition, no dues... this in compensation for decades of poor education given our raza. ... that from kindergarten through college, Spanish be the first language and English the second language and that the textbooks be re-written to emphasize the heritage and contri-butions of the Mexican-American in the build. Me demand that not only the land which is our with restitution given for mineral, natural re-sources, grazing and timber used. We demand that existing labor, trade and white our geoper the second language and that the textbooks be re-with restitution given for mineral, natural re-sources, grazing and timber used. We demand that existing labor, trade and white colar unions non-discriminatory membership practices be enforced by a national labor re-lations act.

. .the necessary resources to plan our living accomodations so that it is possible for ex-tended family homes to be situated in a com-munal style. . around plaza's or parks with each neighborhood school the acre and institute instead the previous tax-plenty of space for the children. We want our living areas to fit the needs of the family and not the needs of the city pork barrel, the build-ing corporations or architects.

DEMAN

lations act.

LAW ENFORCEMENT

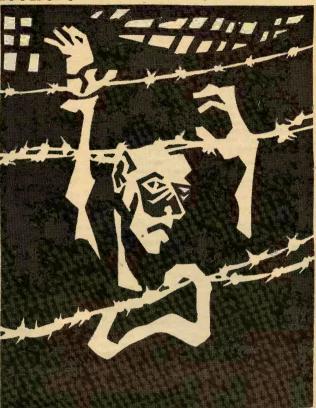
We demand an immediate investigation of the records of all prisoners to correct the legal errors, or detect the prejudice which operated in those court proceedings, causing their convictions or extra heavy sentencing. As these cases are found, we demand that the federal government reimburse those prisoners for loss of time and money. We demand immediate suspension of officers suspected of police brurality until a full hearing

suspected of police brutality until a full hearing is held in the neighborhood of the event.

We demand suspension of the city-wide ju-venile court system and the creation of a neighvenue court system and the creation of a neigh-borhood community court to deal with allega-tions of crime. In addition, instead of prowl-car, precinct system, we want to gradually install a neighborhood protection system, where residents are hired every few families to as-sist and safeguard in matters of community safety or possible crime.



Chicano Prisoners of Liberation



CONSPIRACY for BETTER EDUCATION

CHICANO LEADERS ARRESTED

On the afternoon of March 31, the Los An-geles police swept through the barrios and arrested Chicano leaders who were suspec-ted of "conspiracy to disturb the peace" as a result of the East Los Angeles "Blowouts" which began on March 1 and ended March 8. Moctezuma Esparza, vice-chairman of Cen-tral United Mexican American Students and Cruz Olmeda, chairman of the Brown Berets

tral United Mexican American Students and Cruz Olmeda, chairman of the Brown Berets, were arrested while exercising their consti-tutional rights in a picket line in front of the Hollenbeck Police Station. Eliezer Risco, editor of LA RAZA, and Joe Razo, EYOA Community Consultant, were arrested in the newspaper office. The office, where LA RAZA and Chicano Student are pub-lished was searched and ransacked without

lished, was searched and ransacked without the use of a search warrant. Materials such as newspaper copy, U.S. mail, both opened and unopened, photographs etc. were taken without presenting a warrant or an inventory or iteme taken or items taken.

David Sanchez was arrested at the Brown Beret office while coordinating community self-help programs. Ransacking and seizure of ma-terials without warrants was repeated.

Sal Castro was arrested at his home and

sal Castro was arrested at its nome and taken to the county jail. Carlos Munoz, president of Cal State UMAS, was arrested the following morning at his home. His home was searched and ransacked of books and UMAS files.

These Chicano leaders along with Fred Lo-pez, Richard Vigil, Henry Gomez, and Pat Sanchez, who voluntarily turned themselves in, were placed on \$12,500 bail. The bail was reduced to \$250.00 the following week as a result of community demonstrations sup-porting the iailed 13. porting the jailed 13.

The conspiracy law is the latest weapon discovered by a system bent on suppression. It is no accident that representatives of the peace movement and dedicated leaders of the Chicano and Black communities are under indictment on conspiracy charges. At present, there are some half dozen cases scattered throughout the country all involving groups

there are some hair dozen cases scattered throughout the country all involving groups concerned with social protest. Vicious and dangerous, the conspiracy law has a long and ugly history. It has consis-tently been used to stop dissent. In the Anglo-Saxon legal system the precedent of the pre-sent law dates to the time of Henry VIII and his inquisitorial Star Chamber. Henry used the law to destroy political opposition. Naturally, the Anglo, along with other tra-ditions, brought the law with him to Amer-ica. Among the first victims were shoema-kers in Philadelphia. These "criminals" tried to form a union in 1806, Later in the 20th Century the conspiracy law was used against AFL-CIO organizers who were trying to se-cure a better life for their families. Today the law is being used against those who want peace in the the world and those who seek better education for their children. If you believe that justice is in the laws, the conspiracy gimmick is going to shock

the conspiracy gimmick is going to shock you. The crime is in the discussion and/or you. The crime is in the discussion and/or agreement to commit an act that may involve violating the law. If by chance an act re-sults in an isolated misdemeanor, the plan-ning of the entire event is a felony. For example, a civil rights sit-in may result in minor trespassing, a misdemeanor; the or-ganizing of the demonstration is then a felony. Can there be social protect demonstrations with Can there be social protest demonstrations without planning? Intent or purpose of the act is not recognized; and the law can be used with discrimination against selected individuwith discrimination against selected individu-als involved. Also the planned demonstration need not take place, if it was discussed, the participants are liable to indictment. Appar-ently, neither secrecy nor a direct relation ently, neither secrecy nor a direct relation or responsibility between the parties discus-sing a protest and the event has to be proved. Circumstantial evidence is all that is needed. The conspiracy law is unbelievable in a de-mocracy where all citizens are guaranteed protection by a Bill of Rights. In California the law was supposedly de-signed against organized crimes, but other

uses were not overlooked. A blueprint for the use of the California conspiracy law a-gainst peace demonstrators was supplied in 1965 by Yvonne Merga, then a third year 1965 by Yvonne Merga, then a third year law student, in an article in the Hastings Law Réview. She wrote:

"Recent demonstrators in California have been charged with unlawful assembly, failthe peace--all misdemeanor offenses pun-ishable by a relatively minor penalty. The penalty does not deter repeated violations.

tions.... "While the illegal demonstrators in Cali-fornia have not been tried for criminal conspiracy, it would seem clear that they could be.... If a conspiracy is charged there is no need to wait for all the par-ticipants to commit the planned acts be-fore arrests are made.... Attendance at a preparatory group meeting to plan an unlawful demonstration would satisfy the requirements of conspiracy....

an unlawful demonstration would satisfy the requirements of conspiracy.... "The sanctions of law applied to a con-victed felon are many and harsh. In ad-dition to the confinement in the State prison, the felon may be disqualified as a juror, give his spouse grounds for di-vorce, and may have severe restrictions placed on his liberty even after he is pa-roled. The informal penalties, such as loss of job, education and respect would also be compelling reasons for second thought on the part of potential unlawful demonon the part of potential unlawful demon-strators."

If the conspiracy law is held valid, social protest will in effect be outlawed. Police chiefs and district attorneys will have the perfect legal weapon for persecution against any group or individual they choose. The poor, the underprivileged, the peace activist, have only numbers; they can not hire professional lobbynumbers; they can not hire professional lobby-ists and expert constitutional lawyers to pre-sent their grievances. They have only them-selves and their previously sacred right to protest. The Bill of Rights supposedly guar-antees the right to dissent. A democracy is equality for all.

Perhaps this nation has reached the point where in order to wage war it must send its most conscientious citizens to jail in order to maintain an unjust social and economic system.

July 10, 1968

Los Angeles

CONSPIRACY TO EDUCATE



DAVID SANCHEZ: 19, was born and raised in East Los Angeles, graduate of Rossevell High School, 1967 City of Los Angeles Science Award Winner, Chairman of Mayor Yorty's Youth Council Coordinator for VISTA Associates program, Prime Minister of the Brown Berefas.

"We are behind bars, but those bars are only symbolic of of the oppression the Mexican-American people have been suffering for over 120 years under anglo colonization. We are being accused of conspiracy to disturb the peace even though there is no proof that we have disturbed the peace in any way. It is tronic that those arresting us are the same cops that move around East L.A. toting their guns, abusing the constitutions! rights of our young Carnales. We are en-tring tonight into a HUNGER STRIKE until all thirteen of us are free. We will non-violentlyrefuse to accept this farce of justice. We issue acall to LA RAZA UNIDA, in the South west, to our black brothers, to our Puerto Rican carnales, to our blaim brothers, and to all those schlor-ugh the farce of a system that preaches freedom and prac-tices oppression to demonstrate their solidarily."



JOSE ANGEL RAZO: 29, has lived in East L.A. 24 years, employed as a Community Consultant ic the Economic Youth Opportunity Agency, mar ried to a school teacher who is expecting their second child in August, has a masters degree in Peychology. Razo headed up a Youthactivities program in the El Sereno areas and has been com-mended by the city for this work. in East L.A. Consultant Agency, man recting their



MOCTEZUMA ESPARZA: 19, has lived in East L.A. all his life, employed at UCLA as a Span-ish Instructor in the oversaes proferm for tech-nicians and professors going to Latin America, and is olso iull time student at UCLA. Mocte-zuma graduated last year as an honor student from Lincohn High School, was on Mayor Yorty's Youth Advisory Council, and is Executive Vice Chairman of United Mexican American Students for the State of California.

Hon. Thomas C. Lynch Attorney General State of California Sacramento, California

Dear Mr. Lynch:

In recent political advertisements, you have been identified repeatedly as the "chief law enforcement authority of the State of Cali-fornia." This means that your very first ob-ligation is to assure that subsidiary law en-forcement authorities about the law.

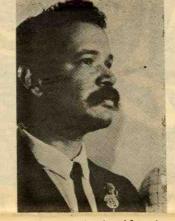
Last week Los Angeles police and legal authorities agains broke the law. Last week Los Angeles police and legal authorities against the Mexican-American community, by the illegal indictment of thirteen com-munity leaders, and by the political arrests which followed.

When the law is broken so blatantly, every

When the law is broken so blatantly, every law-abiding citizen is in danger, so each one of us has a direct and immediate interest in the outcome. I must request, therefore, that you proceed immediately to halt the il-legal acts of the Los Angeles Police Chief and District Attorney. Please inform me of the results of your investigation into this matter. I am sure you will agree that, as Americans, we dare not tolerate the political and racial persecution seen in Los Angeles a week ago, any more than we can tolerate the tragic political mur-der of this week. But if our government con-tinues to engage in and condone the first kind of violence, we are bound to have more of the second kind.

Sincerely,

Stanley N. Weissman Department of Philosophy San Diego State College



ELIETER RISCO: 31, éraduate of Sacramento State College, did graduate work and was on the staft of the Hispanic American Report at Stanlord University worked two years as an organizer with Cesar Chavez in United Farm Workers Organizer Gammittee, editor of LA RAZA, on staff of La Raza Nuevo Canter for Community Development member of the National Board of the Interreli-gious Foundation for Community Organization and a member of the Chicano Press Association.



GILBERTO CRUZ OLMEDA: 23, has lived in East L.A. all his life, VISTA employee working in East L.A. Olmeda received four medals while in the Vietnam theater of war and has a scholar-ship to attend the University of California at fr-vine this [all.

COMMUNITY SUPPORTS 13

EAST GENTRAL AREA WELFARE PLANNING COUNCIL

At a meeting of the Executive Committee, East Central Area Welfare Planning Council held Monday, June 17, 1968, according to John Tutak, President, the following resolution was approved: "The Executive Committee of the East Cen-tral Area Welfare Planning Council endor-ses the inherent right and capacity of the local community to define its needs and to develon its own methods for communicating

develop its own methods for communicating its needs to those who have the responsi-bility to effect change. This right includes the process of learning through experimen-tation.

We see the school protest of March, 1968 as a valid experiment in the exercise of as a valid experiment in the exercise of the inherent right to define and communi-care the need for change. The community of East Los Angeles needs more, not less, experimentation in effectively expressing itself.

Our loyalty to the people of East Los Angeles requires our support of those in-dividuals who took risks on behalf of their community for more effective education. We question the wisdom of the decision to bring conspiracy charges against those individuals.

John Tutak, President Mrs. Sirel Forster, Director

LULAC

by David Santiago

"The League of United Latin American Ci-tizens (LULAC), a National Civic Organization, passed a resolution at its national convention hel last week in San Antonio, Texas, in support of the students who walk out in protest of the poor educational conditions existing in our East Los Angeles community," so stated David Santiago, past president of the Los Angeles Council. Council.

The convention went on record to provide legal aid to those arrested and has asked its legal arm of whom the Hon. Pete Tijerina is chairman to find out what kind of assistance is needed.

Atty. Manuel Lopez, legal advisor to LULAC assisted the Los Angeles Council in passing said resolution and to inform the community that the Ford Foundation has given LULAC \$2,000,000 grant to create a defense fund to help the Latin American community in its fight for equal civil rights and to protect those involved. those involved.

The fund is a new creation of the Ford Foundation and we do not have all the an-swers. However you may contact our council and we will do our best to get the answers in regards to any legal problem relating to civil rights in our community. Call David Santiago, AN 8-9935.

By the Reverend Jay Lintner, Staff, Protestant

By the Reverend Jay Lintner, Staff, Protestant Community Services 3330 West Adams Boulevard Los Angeles, California 90018 They haven't officially named it yet, but May 31 will go down in the new history books as collision day in East Los Angeles. A collision course had been building in Amer-rica for some time. There are those who have come to believe that the fist priority of the urban cirsis is community organization of the poor. This means the support and develop-ment of self-respect and self-determination in poverty areas to replace the apathy and the victim image created by years of struc-tural poverty. Until this is done, until poor people assume the leadership for their own destiny, all attempts to "help the poor" will be received by the poor as one more act of paternalism.

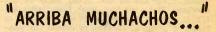
of paternalism. Running counter to this line of though are those who fear this new pride in our ghettos and barrios, who fear this new leadership, who fear power in the hands of the poor, who fear this threat to our institutions and social structures, who fear this process of change which lies outside the traditional pro-cesses of American society. Acting in a va-riety of ways and out of a variety of motives, there has developed a powerful effort to dethere has developed a powerful effort to de-stroy the new leadership of the poor.

On May 31st, conspiracy charges were brought On May 31st, conspiracy charges were brought against thirteen new community leaders of the Mexican-American community. Bail was set at \$12,500 each to hold the seven actually apprehended in jail over the weekend. Since this was the weekend before elections, the arrests looked blatantly political to the brown leadership. The District Attorney's office de-nied this, saying that what looked like exces-sive bail and suspicious timing of arrests were to insure that as many as possible of the thirteen would appear at the June 2 hearthe thirteen would appear at the June 2 hear-ing (since barely half were actually apprehended, the community didn't know whether to suspect the integrity or the efficiency of the author-

Conspiracy charges had been threatened ever since thousands of Mexican - American students walked out of four Eastside high schools last March, followed by walkouts in the central, south, west and valley sections of the city. Under California law, a walkout is a mis-demeanor. To be successful, however, a walk-out must have some planning, and under ano-ther California law, to plan or conspire to commit a misdemeanor is a felony. (Note: In a later article we hope to look at the his-tory of this unique law to see if it has ever been used other than for political purposes. If there is a lawyer in the audience who would like to help with the research, please con-tact the writer). By choosing to escalate the school walkout from a misdemeanor offense to a felony offense, the authorities were mak-ing a serious declaration. When the March walkouts occurred, there

When the March walkouts occurred, there was a tendency for the support of the comwas a tendency for the support of the com-munity to be divided. For many years inade-quate education has been a central issue in the Mexican-american community. Efforts to effect change have had too little success. Their going to Sal Castro, a teacher at Lin-coln High, and asking his advice has been well publicized. A process of community or-ganization began with the students taking key leadership, leading up to the school walkouts to dramatize their position Having been asked to dramatize their position. Having been asked to support them, many in the Mexican-Amer-ican community did so. Others, however, a-greed with their complaints and visions but had mixed feelings about something as dras-tic as a well-cont tic as a walkout.

The conspiracy arrests quickly ended the mixed feelings in the community. When the day of collision occurred between those in public office whose absolute priority was law and order and those in the brown community. whose top priority was improving the educa-tional system so that it might work for Mextional system so that it might work for Mex-ican-Americans, the brown community quick-ly unified. Old arguments, social differences, and political divisions tended to be overcome as the community felt itself attacked, and even the most conservative leaders were lin-ing up to support those arrested and to say that they too were a part of the conspiracy to improve the educational system of the area. There was not much doubt on the part of the Mexican-American community as to their pri-orities or their identity. The conspiracy to educate became the mood of the day.



Editor of La Raza:

Dear Sir:

I was deeply shocked and moved, to say the least angered by the vicious and wanton attack upon the L.A. Chicano community by the way of arresting you and all those con-nected with you in the operation of your mag-nificent and enlightening newspaper "La Raza" You can rest assured, Mr. Risco, that this action of suppression hot only ralled the local Chicano community, to the support of its lead-ers, but also those of us in far away com-munities who are proud of our Chicano her-itage. This only makes us more aware of the difficulties we must encounter in order to organize effectively. But if faced in the exemplary manner in which you fine Chica-nos did, nothing is impossible. I must say that I feel tremendously proud

nos did, nothing is impossible. I must say that I feel tremendously proud to know that such young and dedicated men like you and all those working and suffering for La Causa are a reality in my age. You see, I am a survivor of the "Pachuco Era" of which you occasionally mention in your newspaper. It was a time of youthful vehe-mence and turbulent intensity among us Chi-canos but lacking in leadership and a sense of organization. Nothing to what I am exper-iencing and witnessing today. So it is that I say "Arriba muchachos con mucho entusias-mo y mucho orgullo y con la frente muy alta." mo y alta."

VIVA LA CAUSA

Abel Estrada Fresno, Calif.



RALPH RAMIREZ: 19, born and reised in East Los Angeles, former student at East Los Angeles College, currently Minister of Discipline of the Brown Berets.



PAT SANCHEZ: 41, has lived in East L.A. to; 16 years, graduate of University of New Mexico in Electronic Engineering, 10 years as, Research En gineer in local aerospace industry, spearheaded organizing and wais chairmanol MAPA 40th chap-ter, organized and chaired Hollenback Democra-tic Club and Suer Hazard Park Committee, helped organize United Council of Community Organiza-



SAL CASTRO: 33, born and raised in East Los Angeles, graduate of Cathedral High School and Cal State L.A., 1960 Southern Californie chair man of Students for Kennedy, 1967 David Robert's Field Representative 48th Assembly District, mem-ber of Association of Mexican American Educa-tors, presently teacher and athletic coordinator at Lincoln High School, and is member of Amer-Federation of Teachers.



RICHARD VIGIL: raised in Los Angeles, former paratrooper, Teen Post Director, East Los Ange-les College Student, currently working in the com-munity with youth groups.



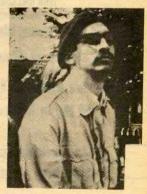
HENRY GOMEZ: 20, has lived in East Los An-geles all his life, student at Lincoln High School Laboratory Technician at General Hospital, work-ed for Department of Health, Education, and Welnician at General Hospital, work-t of Health, Education, and Welstudent at East Los Angeles College, mar ied and has a child.



FRED LOPEZ: 20, born and reised in Los An-geles, attended Catholic elementary and high school for 12 years. Received award from L.A. Women'e Junior Chamber of Commerce for Com-munity Service, received scholarships to the Uni-versity of Utah and California State College at Los Angeles, presently emolled at U.C.L.A. Em-by Los Angeles City Schools as a teaching As-eistant, U.S.C. Teacher Training Program, and employed by E.Y.O.A. as a field consultant.



CARLOS MUNOZ: 24, raised in Los Angeles, an honor student at Belmont High School, graduate student at Cel State and present chairman of the United Mexican American Student chapter there, matried and has two children. Accepted as a doc-toral candidate at Stantard University.



CARLOS MONTEZ: 20, raised in East Los Ange-les, graduate of Garfield High School, Vinner of English Essay Award, Track Letterman, student at East Los Angeles College, Associated Mens Student Vice President, Parliamentarian of Mez-ican American Student Association and represen-tative to statewide United Mexican American Stu-dent, Area Coordinator for Neighborhood Youth dents, area Coordinator for Neighborhood Youth

CHICANO LEGAL DEFENSE FUND

The Chicano Legal Defense Committee is a committee that was formed as a result of the police malpractices that occur daily in our barrios. Since we are poor financially, but not in spirit, we have seen the necessity of hiring a group of lawyers to defend our peo-ple who are actively attempting to change a racist system that has kept us down edu-cationally, economically, politically and so-cially. The Chicano Legal Defense Committee is a cially.

cationally, economically, politically and so-cially. In the past two years Mexican-Americans have intensified their efforts to achieve dig-nity, equality and justice. This struggle, in disfavor by those in authority, has recently claimed 13 Chicanos in East Los Angeles. They are charged with conspiracy to com-mit a misdemeanor, which is a felony. The legal defense of a conspiracy charge is very costly since the question of the constitution-ality of the conspiracy law has to be tested. Those 13 Chicanos that have incurred punish-ment have done is in behalf of the collec-tive interests of our community. The least that you and I can do is contribute our per-sonal and financial support. In doing so we will not only be helping to decide the fate of the 13 Chicanos but also our own. The Chicano Legal Defense Committee is a union of organizations who are concerned with the problem of legal justice for the Chi-cano. These organizations have banded toge-the because they recognize the significance of the conspiracy charges here in Los An-geles for all who are actively engaged in the struggle for the betterment of the social, political, economic, and educational system.

political, economic, and educational system.



CHICANO SPEAKERS

AVAILABLE TO ORGANIZATIONS. KEEP INFORMED ON HOW TO MAKE TACOS, WHO IS A TIO TACO, AND THE WALKOUTS AND SUBSEQUENT ARRESTS. FOR FURTHER INFORMA TION CALL: 225-5983

Ayudare organizando una Fiesta para levantar fundos.

Por favor tenganme informado.

Please keep me informed.

I will help by having a fund raising party.

Avudare mandando una contribucion de S Enclosed is my pledge of \$

Can you

afford

not

to respond?

Executive Committee

CHAIRMAN: REV. ANTONIO MEDINA CO-CHAIRMAN: RICHARD ALATORRE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: JUAN GOMEZ CO-DIRECTOR: RICHARD DURAN SECRETARY: MARTHA GALAN ACCOUNTANT: REV. OLIVER GARVER CHIEF: COUNSEL: ATTORNEY OSCAR ACOSTA BAIL COORDINATOR: ROLAND HERNANDEZ

SUPPORT THE 13

ORGANIZE

Form local committees to plan and sponsor activities to support the 13.

INFORM the COMMUNITY

Break the news blackout. Distribute leaflets, get radio and TV time, submit letters and stories to local papers, speak at colleges, churches, and community meetings.

INFORM the ESTABLISHMENT

Begin letter writing campaigns of protest to Chief of Police Reddin and District Attorney Younger in Los Angeles, Governor Reagan in Sacramento, the Department of Justice in Washington D. C., local Congressmen and Federal agencies. Send copies to the Chicano Legal Defense Fund, P.O. Box 31004, Los Angeles, California, 90031. Circulate petitions and send to the Chicano Legal Defense Fund.

DEMONSTRATE

Plan rallies, marches, and demonstrations to coincide with important steps in the Case of the 13.

RAISE FUNDS

Plan a series of fund raising events--confer-ences, cocktail parties, dinners, dances, et. Speakers can be provided by the Speakers Bureau.

FOR INFORMATION

CALL: 225-5983 WRITE: P.O. Box 31004 Los Angeles, Calif. 90031

Name

Address

Phone

I and or my organization wish to be on the sponsoring committee of 100 by contributing \$100. Yo y o mi organizacion deseamos ser parte del comite de apoyo de cien dando una contribucion de \$100. POOR PEOPLE'S COALITION

by Della Rossa

os Angeles, July 2: The Southern Chris-n Leadership Conference brought the poor Washington but lost an opportunity in that Los tian to it failed to put to use the energies, potentials and power of the poor, according to Reies Lopez Tijerina in a telephone interview from Washington today.

Tijerina, leader of the New Mexico land grant movement, headed the Mexican American dele-gation of the poor people's coalition of five ethnic groups as a permanent organization to fight poverty

fight poverty. "During the 40 days of my stay in Washing-ton all racial groups met with the worst con-fusion ever seen in a national attempt to bring ethnic groups together," Tijerina said. "Be-cause of this confusion a great vacuum was felt, a vacuum recognized by all the leaders. "So the natural outcome and feeling was comething was missing and something was receded

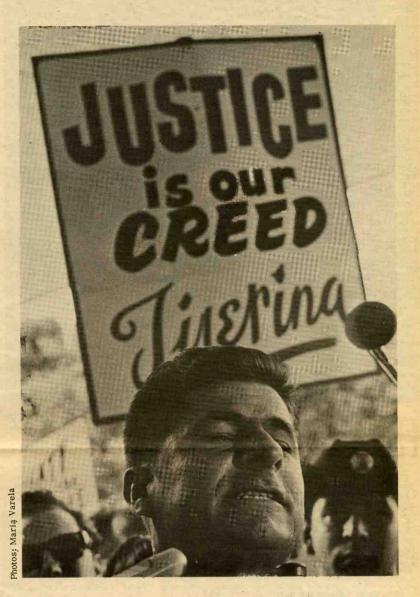
something was missing and something was something was missing and something was needed because the poor and their demands were not being represented by their leaders. This is because the SCLC was in full command and failed to share the leadership with all ethnic

groups. "This is why we felt the need for a national poor peoples coalition throughout the whole cam-paign. The non-blacks felt they were being used in the name of the poor to raise money for an organization and we were not sharing that money '' that money

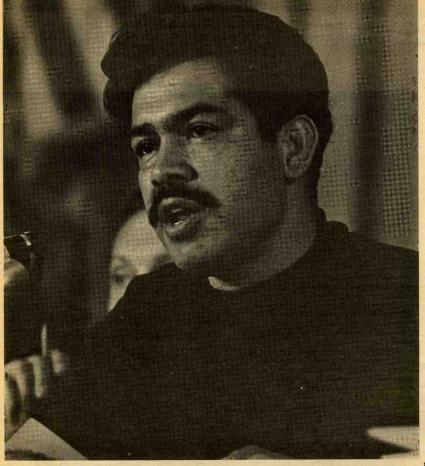
Tijerina said that between 200 and 300 people met in a three day poor peoples coalition or-ganizing conference at which racial groups formed their caucuses and elected one national spokesman for their own racial group. These spokesmen were Hank Adams,

Mashington State, representing Indians; Anibale Solivan Jr., New York, representing Puerto Ricans; Clifton Johnson, from Partridge, Ken-tucky, representing poor whites; Cornelius Gi-vens, New York, representing blacks; and Ti-jerina as the spokesman for the Mexican Americans

<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text>







T.V. commercial conditions its messages for the idiots in our society," he said. On news-paper coverages, he accused newspapers of not reporting some of the brutalities like beatings and killings that have allegedly oc-curred to the Mexican-American people. Near the end of his speech. Concurs cellul

curred to the Mexican-American people. Near the end of his speech, Gonzalez called for all the minorities and the "Appalachian whites," to join together for a common cause. "We can respect each other's cultures." To highlight this he sighted an example at the Poor People's March in Washington D.C. when Afro-Americans, Mexican-Americans, Puerto Ricans and Appalachian whites all locked arms to protest the police interference with the march near the steps of the nation's capitol. "This is a beautiful thing for people to work together like this." Gonzalez proposed the following program

Gonzalez proposed the following program for change among all the minorities with par-ticular emphasis to the Mexican-American: (1) "If the education is inadequte, then boy-cott the system." (2) "Racism must be exposed and we must identify with the problems of all minorities."

(2) "Kacism must be exposed and we inter-identify with the problems of all minorities."
(3) "We must be prepared to prepare our-selves in self defense."
(4) "if the books in our educational system

(4) "If the books in our educational system are racistic, then we must burn them."
(5) "We must have an organized direction so that whenever we protest, the residents of that community will not necessarily suffer when we leave that community."
(6) "We must produce poets, novelists, playwrights, histories and anthologies to make Mexican-Americans aware of their culture and background."
At the close of his speech, a short question and answer period followed. One person went to the microphone representing the Brown Berets in East Los Angeles. He asked the people at the meeting for money to be con-Berets in East Los Angeles. He asked the people at the meeting for money to be con-tributed for his defense and his bretheren. Immediately a hat was passed around and more than sixty dollars was raised.

and starty donars was raised. In closing the evening, Gonzalez repeated his call for a redistribution of the wealth among < social classes. "Unless everyone gets an equal f share in this country, there won't be any coun-try."

"Unless everyone gets an equal share

in this country,

"CORKY" GONZALEZ

A summer-long lecture series on problems of the Mexican-American opened with a three-day symposium Tuesday (June 25) at Cal State L. A. The symposium is being followed throughout the Summer individual lectures and panel discussions each Wednesday night. The entire series, open free to the public, will be held at 7:30 p.m. The lectures are scheduled in the Music Hall. The opening program was sponsored by the United Mexican American Students, the EPIC (Educational Participation Communities) and the Associated Students' Vi-siting Scholar Committee at Cal State L.A. Opening the series Tuesday night (June 25) was Ernesto Galarza active in a movement to organize Mexican Americans in the Southwest. His address, titled "Social Conditions of the Mexican American Peo-ple" was followed by a panel discussion. "Academic Delinguents" was the title of Wednesday's address by Dr. Octavio Ro-mano, professor of public health at UC Berkely. On Thursday (June 27), a talk on "The Poor People's March was offered by Rodolfo "Corky" Gonzalez, president of the Denver Crusade for Justice.

The remaing lectures are sponsored by the School of Education and the Latin-Amer-ican Studies program in the School of letters and Science.

Rodolfo "Corky" Gonzalez, chairman of the Crusade for Justice and editor of the Chicano newspaper, El Gallo, discussed Mexican-American problems in his speech to a near-capa-city crowd last Thursday in the Heritage Room of the Trident Lounge.

Throughout his nearly two-hour talk he re-peated his theme for change and new goals for the Mexican-American people. He proposed that this kind of change can first be brought about the Mexican-American realizing who he is

and where he is. "We have a dense, Anglo American society. Many of us are brainwashed in this society. We have seen how personal ambition motivates Mexican-Americans to get something from the Anglos. Some have cut their ownbretheren's throat to be a part of the system." Gonzalez pointed out that several of the major institutions were clearly discriminating against the Mexican-American. The educational

system, mass medias (including newspapers and television), and industry at large and the government at all levels were the key contributing factors to the unrest of the Chicanos.

canos. Speaking specifically about the educational system, Gonzalez said that "the educational system is the machinery that makes most mi-norities the new conservatives of our society. They identify with succes and the Anglo image. The system tells us to have a white Anglo Saxon image of what we are. Yet our schools are policed like concentration camps."

On government, Gonzalez put down the Mex-ican-American politician in general. He claimed ican-American politician in general. He claimed that once they are elected, they no longer care for their constituents. He also condemned gov-ernment for poverty programs "that get back in the hands of the corporations. Food stamps get back in the hands of the corporations who control the economy of the system. The money from poverty programs doesn't reach the people that need it." Gonzalez expressed dismay about the scale of production of cuns, bombs and napalm. The

of production of guns, bombs and napalm. The country is based on military expoitation,"

of production of guns, bombs and napalm. The country is based on military expoitation," he said to an applauding audience. "The top six per cent of the population controls this economy. And the lower 20 per cent of the population is the minorities. They are the bodies that are drafted into war. They are the ones who have to fight. They are told by their school teachers, probation officers to join the army. They can eat three meals, wear a new suit and be taught how to be an engineer in six months." Considerable emphasis was focused on the Mexican-American being brainwashed by mass medias and movies. He discussed, for ex-ample, movies which depict the Chicano dying to save the Anglo Captain. Furthermore, he being either the villain in a western, or the "Pancho Gonzalex clod who depends upon man-ma to get him hw."

"Pancho Gonzalex clod who depends upon man-ana to get him by."

Television commercials and newspaper re-ports were criticized heavily by Gonzalez. "The

from COLLEGE TIMES L.A. Tuesday 2, 1968 11 there won't be any country.

CRUSADA pura la JUSTICIA

eague of United itizens to Help Addicts

Year nf Awakening

new approaches

The members of Lucha do not believe that EMPLEO the out lived methods of addict, and ex-addict isolationism, will ever bring about addict rehabilitation.

habilitation. In the first instance let us define the word "rehabilitation" from the point of view of what this word should properly mean to all of us in this society. The word rehabilitate is de-fined as follows: 1. to restore to rank, pri-vileges, morale which one has lost. 2. to re-store the good name or reputation thereof; re-instate in good repute. 3. to put back in good condition; re-establish on a firm, sound basis. 4. to restore to a state of physical, mental and moral health through treatment and train-ing.

and moral health through treatment and train-ing. Realistically, the outmoded methods we re-fer to, such as group counseling, where people are encouraged to reveal their darkest secrets and expose themselves to ridicule, sympathy (and empathy), all of which leaves the par-ticipants, and the counselor, with deeper frus-trations of helplessness, is at best a thera-peutic challenge much too overwhelming for anyone, thus by virtue of the depth feelings of powerlessness, involved self isolationism is genanyole, thus by virtue of the depth teerings of powerlessness involved self isolationism is gen-erated through empathy and sympathy and the vehicles of self-incriminations, recriminations, and self punishment which is generally accepted make up of a guilt complex and/or feelings of inferiority. of inferiority.

To comprehend what has been said, one must know something about prison existence, and prison experience; which of course does not

Mr. Edwardo Aguirre Narcotics Prevention Project 511 North Echandia Street Los Angeles, California

Dear Sir

The EMPLEO Organization wishes to express its most sincere appreciation to you and your organization for having given so freely of your time on Saturday June 15, 1968.

To us, of EMPLEO this was an historical event, in that it was the first time that we had ever been given the opportunity to discuss with any-one, other than the administration, those problems which confront the Mexican-American inmates in this institution.

As was stated at this meeting, we are aware that it is improbable that drastic changes could or would take place over-night. However, we feel that if we have. succeeded in adding your support to the encouragement which, you and your organization have already given to us, we cannot help but accomplish our goals.

We would like to invite your personal comments on this meeting.

Thank you for having attended our meeting.

Sincerely yours,

H. Vasquez, Vice-Chairman





philosophy and purpose

LUCHA MEETS every Tuesday & Thursday 7:30 p.m. 213 n. soto st.

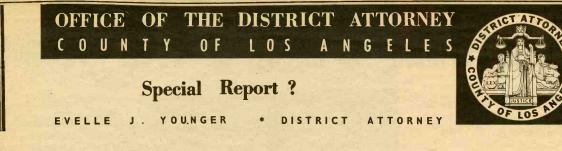


The dep of a guilt complex and/or feeling.
 The ordprechend what has been said, one main the solution of a complex trains of the solution.
 The ordprechend what has been said, one main the solution of a complex trains of the solution.
 The ordprechend what has been said, one main the solution of a complex trains of the solution.
 The ordprechend what has been said, one main the solution of a complex trains of the solution.
 The ordprechend what has a negret in instance, the solution of a complex trains of the solution.
 The members of Lucha argue against the solution of a complex trainst and a sociological and population of any unfortunate what has a large trainst trainst trainst trainst and trainst trainstrainst trainst trainst trainst trainst trainst trainst train

Page 10

July 10, 1968

Los Angeles



This is a special report to you on the June la Grand Jury indictment of 13 persons, most of whom, incidentally, are Mexican-Americans. They have all been charged with conspiracy to disruit school activity distribute peace

They have all been charged with conspiracy to disrupt school activity, distrub the peace and assemble unlawfully. As a result of school walkouts earlier this year at four East Los Angeles high schools, several misdemeanor arrests were made for some of the violence that occurred in con-paction with the walkouts. nection with the walkouts.

After investigation by the District Attorn-ey's Office, we determined that there was considerable evidence to indicate that these walkouts were actually the result of some planning and coordination by adults who con-sured together to encourage the students to spired together to encourage the students to leave school.

Of course, the encouraging of a child to leave school, or going on campus to inter-fere with school activity, is a misdemeanor if committed by a single individual.

The law, however, has always looked with great disfavor upon combined activities by a number of individuals, feeling that group activity in breaking the law presents a greater danger to society than does the act of a single individual individual.

So, while encouraging a child to leave school by a single person is only a misdemeanor, it becomes a felony when done as a result of a conspiracy.

Our office presented evidence, which we had developed, to the Grand Jury to see if they would reach the same conclusions.

After hearing the testimony of a number of witnesses, the Grand Jury made its own independent determination that there was, in-deed, sufficient evidence of illegal conspiracy to warrant the defendants being indicted and going to trial.

Bail on the indictments was originally set at \$10,000. The reason for this relatively high amount was that it could not be ascer-tained that all of the defendants would be available for court appearances. When all of the defendants were finally ar-

rested, the District Attorney's Office readily agreed to a reduction in bail to an amount which will insure their attendance at various

which will insure their attendance at various court proceedings. Bail was reduced to a very low figure on all of the defendants, except one. It might be of interest to readers of this special report to know that this individual, when he was ar-rested, had in his possession approximately 30 different plans for making and assemblin of bombs and incendiary devices, and othe destructive weapons destructive weapons.

There has been much comment that these persons who were indicted were well moti-vated and that they sought only to improve the conditions at the East Los Angeles Schools.

I hope all of us in this community share this common goal that all of our schools in all parts of the community would be first-rate and equal in their facilities.

It is our belief, however, that whatever may, have been the motivation of these de-fendants, they chose the wrong way to accom-plish their end.

We simply cannot resort to illegal acts to accomplish salutary objectives and expect immunity from the law.

Another question has been raised; why a similar prosecution was not undertaken when children in the Negro community were encouraged to leave school last year. To this question, I have the following answer:

To this question, I have the following answer: 1. We did not have available to us, at that time, the extensive evidence indicating a con-spiracy. The actions of a single individual encouraging youngsters to leave school, as I have indicated, would be a misdemeanor. 2. But beyond that the fact that one person may have been able to break the law and get away with it is not a justification for other people conspiring to break the law. These are difficult times and require much

These are difficult times and require much soulsearching and reflection along with a speedy redress to problems of employment, education, etc.

But, let's keep the issues clear. I hope you as community leaders will con-tinue to support law and order by helping me clarify the issues in the community you so ably represent.

Cuando se Entra

a la Prision

con Honor

We have lost faith, Mr. Younger!

EASTSIDE SUN, KOVNER PUBLICATIONS LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Evelle J. Younger,

District Attorney,

Los Angeles, California Re: Special Report 6-20-68:

Grand Jury Indictment of Mexican-Americans.

Dear Mr. District Attorney: I wish to take hard issue with you in this

matter. While you express sympathy and commiser-ation with basic grievances of our people, you state that the wrong method of correc-tion was chosen. This illustrates ignorance on your part regarding past efforts to cor-rect these on-going and continuing mental maim-ing of our children, which has been in exis-tence these many decades in our local educa-tional system. We have in the past gone the route of advising those who adjudicate on these matters on getting our people to become in-terested and involved in education, but their hopes are immediately shattered by the meth-ods and means that have in the past involved ods and means that have in the past involved ourselves in the financial support of our schools and our educational system, and we have par-ticipated actively in civic affairs and in vote participation, and in the election of our of-ficials, and yet no results for us. You are one of the officials in whom we placed our trust and our faith, and look what

we got in return. If you condemn the method, please advise the proper one and I can assure you that we will follow the advice if it will get us results.

Demonstrating in orderly peaceful protest is a democratic procedure and for us it seems to be the only one left. I can assure you that it will continue to be used. It is the only plat-form now left for us to voice our dissatisfactions and our needs.

Further, the Constitution provides that laws be applied equally to all, and by your own ad-mission they were not in this specific case regardless of circumstances or ignorances of the moment.

The Grand Jury of course has to act on

The Grand Jury of course has to act on facts as presented. You impugn and imply by remarks, and yet what do they mean? The accusation of conspiracy is a good one because it has so many facets--certainly at least two--that of those who accuse, and that of those who deny. All in all, it is a very vague area indeed upon which to accuse in a wholesale manner, individuals, some of whom had spotless and dedicated records in the past. in our community.

whom had spotless and dedicated records in the past, in our community. The timing of these arrests and the amounts of bail and the suffering and so forth brings out very bad and wrong intent. You ask continuing support from the com-munity and to help you clarify the issues-this tertille wrong was committed and part this terrible wrong was committed, and not after

after. While we wish to be responsible citizens, yet we must also ask and exact that our gov-ernment be responsible and responsive to the needs and to the problems of the people. You have probably already found out, that on the basic issues of the deficiencies in the educational system for our people that all of the l million or more fellow Mexican-Amer-ican citizens in the metropolitan area, and the two million more in the State of Cali-fornia that are worth their salt, are in solid union and understanding. union and understanding. I do hope that performances by your office

in the future will reconstitute our faith in the equitable and fair administration of justice by you and by your office.

Respectfully,

Francisco Bravo, M.D.

Es una vana ilusion en nuestro amargo destino de nuestro lobrego camino anhelar una mejor educacion?

Nuestra causa le llaman conspiracion, los abortos de la justicia y el que note la injusticia su protesta es traicion.

Las puertas de la prision, abiertas nos esperan, a todos los que quieran, luchar contra la discriminacion.

Gloria. . .Hay en esta nacion para el poderoso, y el pobre es animal asqueroso

y su futuro es la opresion.

Los cobardes piden piedad, los hombres levantan la frente, porque llevan en su mente, exigir, respeto y dignidad.

Las cortes con su maldad. o les infunde temor. Porque saldran con honor. por servir a la entera humanidad.

por Arturo Sanchez



LA REBELION de las PALOMAS

De Michoacan:

En el verano pasado el Presi-dente Johnson sentencio--hacemos esfuerzos por juzgar sus palabras como profecias, no como senten-cias--que todas las "Palomas" caerian cuando el Senador Kennedy le mostrara personalemnte su desa-cuerdo por el Genocidio en Vietnam

En la Catedral de San Patricio, a los ojos del propio Johnson encuentra una paloma que ya yo: el mismo Robert Kennedy cayo: en quien ya se ha cumplido la sentencia. Del

hotel Ambassador de las calles de Wilshire de Los Angeles llegan la macabra profesia Johnsoniana y el tragico dolor Nacional sim-bolizado en San Patricio--se impregna de presagios Carde nos y Apocalipticos que se reflejan en los rostros consternados por la tragedia, pero saturados de com-plejos y tal vez antagonicos sen-timientos. En esa atmósfera densa de dolor y Matizada por algun re-mordimiento que no llegará a aflo-rar a los anales de la historia, surge la voz de una Paloma que se transforma en la voz de las onciencias sensatas del gran pue-

blo de Norteamerica. Por la "Paloma" que ya no puede hablar hablan todas las "Palomas" de la Unión Americana por boca de Edward Kennedy. En el mismo lu-gar del Epilogo de la tragdia, se realiza el primer episodio de una epopeya gloriosa de un Pueblo y que lleva su Bautismo en el úl-timo adios de un ataud:

"Nuestra confianza es la Juven-tud. . . No se rendirán a Dogmas Absolutos ni a consignas desgastadas. No pueden ser ELIMINADOS por quienes se aferran a un pre-sente que ya AGONIZA. El mundo en que vivimos es un mundo revolucionario y la actual generación tiene la mayor responsabilidad en la historia de la Humanidad.'' Asi responden las "Palomas" a

la sentencia de los Halcones.

La sentencia de Johnson no ne-cesito ser ordenada por el mismo,

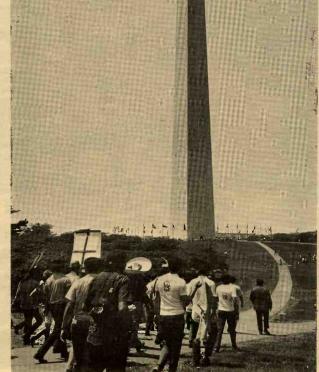
las condiciones objetivas y subjeti-vas estan dadas: Wall Street, el Pentagono, y la Casa Blanca con su "establishment" han creado un su a tolencia mediante la Ra-dio, La Prensa y la Television, para favorecer las finanzas y la fudustria Bélica, quelo mismo opri-me minorias dentro de sus fronteras que se lanza a guerras de Con-dies debiles en todas las latitudes del Planeta. La violencia dirigida, sorda, per-sistente, dura y quieta, y por lo

conducir a la persona, a las masas y a las Naciones a un camino que no han escogido: LA ESCLAVITUD DE LA VIOLENCIA.

Esta esclavitud es la que no admite para si la Juventud con-temporánea.

Al igual que en los paises Euro-peos y de todo el planeta, la juvenpeos y de todo el planeta, la juven-tud Norteamericana, encabezara la lucha libertaria, contra la esclavi-tud moderna del Espíritu que bien merece un pueblo que está dis-puesto a Conquistar los Espacios Siderales, y de cuya emancipación interna depende la liberación de muchos Pueblos y Naciones Oprimi-das en Asia, Africa, y America Latina. Latina.

Tras de la Juventud intrepida y renovadora, irán los intelectuales con su visión dialectica respecto al futuro del género Humano; por la senda trazada por estos, iran las minorias raciales con sus re-ivindicaciones primarias, como vic-timas de una sociedad mal orientada en su Opulencia, y por fin, la clase obrera aletargada sueños burgueses y utor en sus sueños burgueses y utópicos del Neocapitalismo esclavizador de su conciencia, volvera por sus fueros como clase rectora de las luchas contemporaneas para implantar la Justicia Social por el sendero de la Democracia Economica que abo-lirá las raices mismas de la guérra y servidumbres del espíritu y de la persona misma la persona misma. Muchas '' Palomas'' han caido en



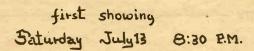


CONTACT LA RAZA NUEVA COMMUNITY CENTER Sy Villa 2449 Gates Street Los Angeles, California 90031 225-5983

SLIMMER FILM FESTIVAL Sponsored EL TEATRO THICANO

LA RAZA NUEVA COMMUNITY CENTER 2449 Gates Street Los Angeles, California 90031

This film fiesta will include such classics as HUELGA, SALT of the EARTH, JUAREZ, THE PEARL, and many others.



SALT OF THE EARTH. -Chicano workers in New Mexico mines strike for better working conditions. The owners and the law attempt to intimidate and surpress the strike. Unity among Chicanos brings them victory. Based on true story with the miners portraying themselves.

PRE-COLUMBIA ART -- A look at the culture and art that existed before Columbus accidentally bumped into our land.

